

# BLUE-VIOLET LASER DIODE

## DL-LS5017

# SANYO

## Tentative

Ver.4 Jun. 2006

### Features

- Short wavelength : 405 nm (Typ.)
- Light Output: 60mW CW
- Low threshold current : I<sub>th</sub> = 40 mA (Typ.)
- Package :  $\phi 5.6$  mm

### Applications

Industrial Use

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

(T<sub>c</sub>=25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Light Output	CW	P <sub>o</sub> (CW)	65	mW
Reverse Voltage	Laser	V <sub>R</sub>	2	V
Operating Temperature		T <sub>opr</sub>	0 to +50	°C
Storage Temperature		T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 to +85	°C

### Electrical and Optical Characteristics <sup>1) 2)</sup>

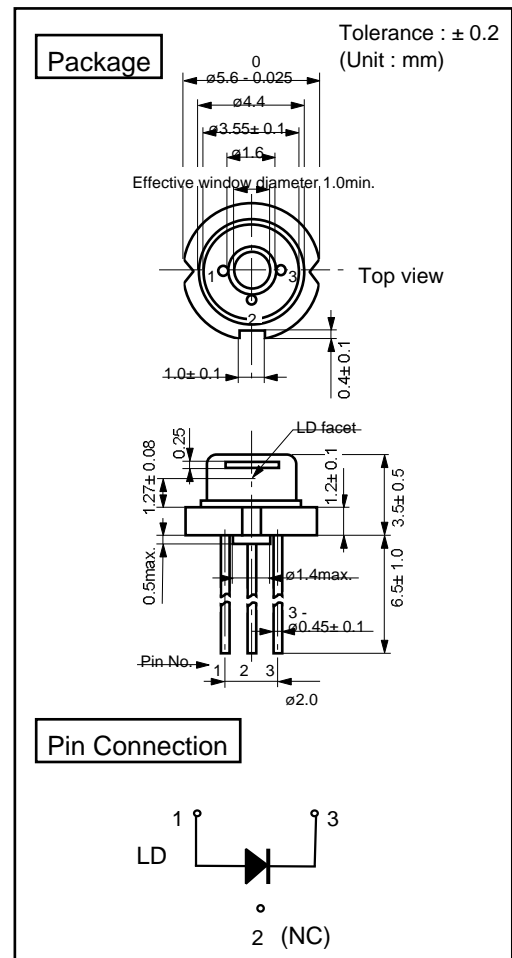
(T<sub>c</sub>=25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Threshold Current		I <sub>th</sub>	CW	-	40	60	mA
Operating Current		I <sub>op</sub>	P <sub>o</sub> =60mW	-	90	120	mA
Threshold Voltage		V <sub>th</sub>	CW	-	4.6	5.6	V
Operating Voltage		V <sub>op</sub>	P <sub>o</sub> =60mW	-	5.2 <sup>4)</sup>	6.2	V
Lasing Wavelength		L <sub>p</sub>	P <sub>o</sub> =60mW	395	405	415	nm
Beam <sup>3)</sup> Divergence	Perpendicular	Q <sub>v</sub>	P <sub>o</sub> =60mW	16	20	24	°
	Parallel	Q <sub>h</sub>	P <sub>o</sub> =60mW	6	8	14	°
Off Axis Angle	Perpendicular	dQ <sub>v</sub>	-	-3	-	3	°
	Parallel	dQ <sub>h</sub>	-	-2	-	2	°
Differential Efficiency		SE	-	0.8	1.2	-	mW/mA

1) Initial values 2) All the above values are evaluated with Tottori Sanyo's measuring apparatus

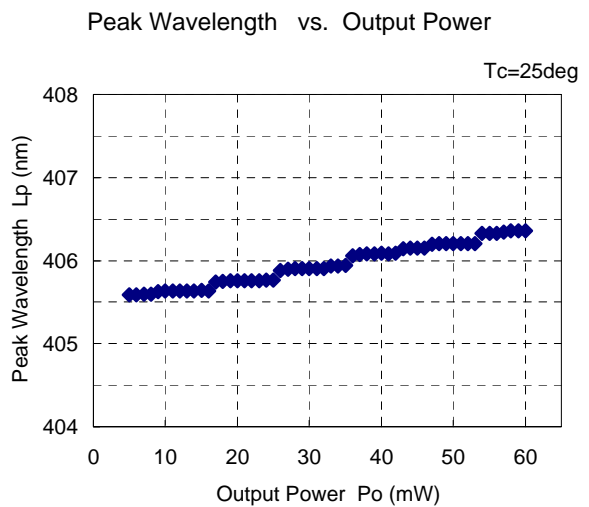
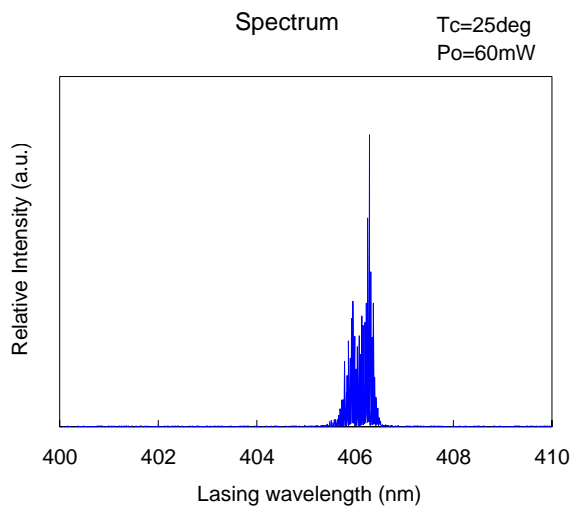
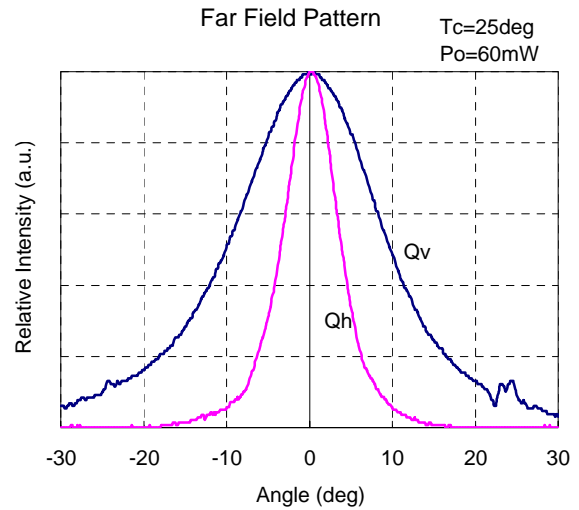
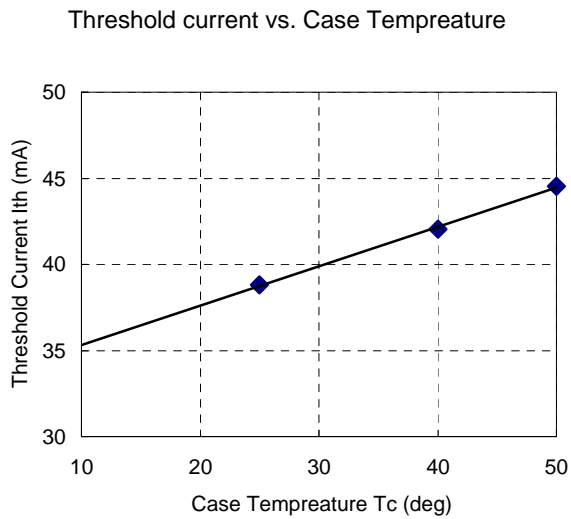
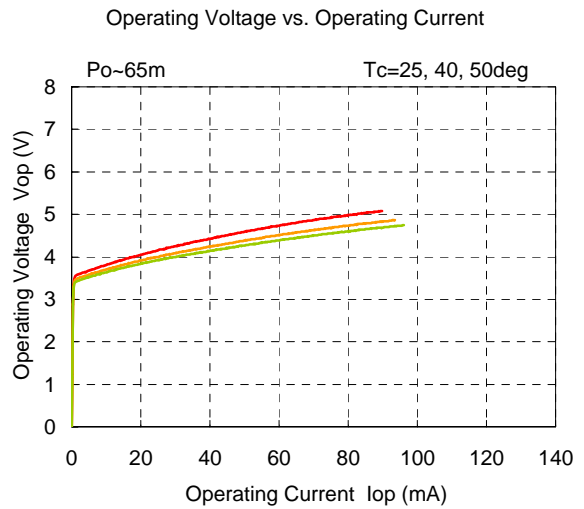
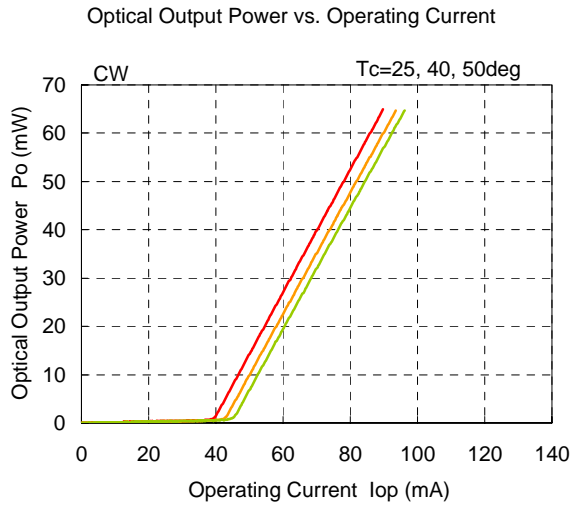
3) Full angle at half maximum 4) Operating Voltage of this laser is higher than conventional laser(5.5V)

Note : The above product specification are subject to change without notice.



Reference Data

**CONFIDENTIAL**



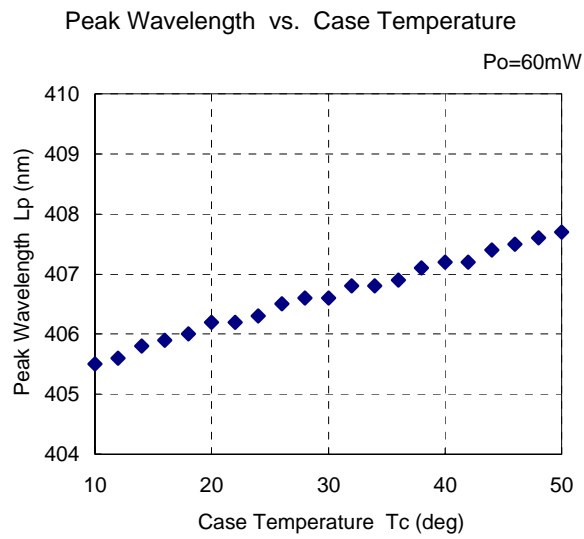
\*Those are typical data for customers reference and may not represent all products.



# Characteristics Data for DL-LS5017

Reference Data

**CONFIDENTIAL**



\*Those are typical data for customers reference and may not represent all products.

---

## Precautions for Use

1. Voltage of our blue-violet laser diode is 4-6V, which is higher than 1.8-3V of the other laser diodes. Take care of operating voltage when you design an APC circuit.
2. An assembly line has to be protected from static electricity or surge current. Use an earth-band or the like when handling blue-violet laser diodes.
3. Output light from our blue-violet laser diode is very reactive and harmful to a human eye. Avoid looking at the output light directly or even indirectly through a lens while oscillating.  
Parts exposed to the output light such as a lens or body should be made from material strong for ultraviolet damage.
4. Don't use our blue-violet laser diode with a built-in monitor photodiode for an application which requires power control with high accuracy.
5. Reselling, disassembling, or reverse engineering of a blue-violet laser diode is prohibited.
6. Our laser diode is not intended for use in applications where extremely high reliability is required, or human life is directly involved, e.g. life-support systems or cars.
7. We are not liable to any undesirable result caused by a misuse or inappropriate use.

## Export Control

1. Our laser diode is subject to the export control regulations (of foreign exchanges and foreign trading). When exporting laser diodes (including service), care should be taken to insure that any necessary procedures are complied with.
2. Laser diodes should be destroyed in cases when they are not be used to avoid infringing on export.
3. Use in military applications is prohibited.

Please ask our sales staff for more details if necessary.